

$m, n$  を負でない整数とし、 $I(m, n) = \int \sin^{2m} x \cos^{2n} x dx$  と定義する。

(1)  $(2m+1)I(m, n) = \sin^{2m+1} x \cos^{2n-1} x + (2n-1)I(m+1, n-1)$  ( $m \geq 0, n \geq 1$ ) が成り立つことを示せ。

(2)  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{2n} x dx$  ( $n \geq 0$ ) を求めよ。

(3)  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{2m} x \cos^{2n} x dx$  ( $m \geq 0, n \geq 0$ ) を求めよ。

(解答)

(1)  $m \geq 0, n \geq 1$  のとき

$$\begin{aligned} I(m, n) &= \int \sin^{2m} x \cos^{2n} x dx \\ &= \int \sin^{2m} x \cos x \cos^{2n-1} x dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2m+1} \sin^{2m+1} x \cos^{2n-1} x - \frac{1}{2m+1} \int \sin^{2m+1} x (2n-1) \cos^{2n-2} x (-\sin x) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2m+1} \sin^{2m+1} x \cos^{2n-1} x + \frac{2n-1}{2m+1} \int \sin^{2m+2} x \cos^{2n-2} x dx \cdots \textcircled{1} \\ &= \frac{1}{2m+1} \sin^{2m+1} x \cos^{2n-1} x + \frac{2n-1}{2m+1} I(m+1, n-1) \end{aligned}$$

両辺を  $2m+1$  倍して、

$$(2m+1)I(m, n) = \sin^{2m+1} x \cos^{2n-1} x + (2n-1)I(m+1, n-1)$$

(2)  $I_n = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{2n} x dx$  とおくと、

$n \geq 1$  のとき

$$\begin{aligned} I_n &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin x \sin^{2n-1} x dx \\ &= \left[ -\cos x \sin^{2n-1} x \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} + \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos x (2n-1) \sin^{2n-2} x \cos x dx \\ &= (2n-1) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{2n-2} x \cos^2 x dx \end{aligned}$$

$$= (2n-1) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{2n-2} x (1 - \sin^2 x) dx$$

$$= (2n-1) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\sin^{2n-2} x - \sin^{2n} x) dx$$

$$= (2n-1)(I_{n-1} - I_n)$$

よって、 $I_n = \frac{2n-1}{2n} I_{n-1}$

$$I_0 = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ より}$$

$$I_n = \frac{2n-1}{2n} I_{n-1}$$

$$= \frac{2n-1}{2n} \cdot \frac{2n-3}{2n-2} \cdots \frac{1}{2} I_0$$

$$= \frac{2n-1}{2n} \cdot \frac{2n-3}{2n-2} \cdots \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2n-1}{2n} \cdot \frac{2n-3}{2n-2} \cdots \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \frac{2n(2n-2) \cdots 2}{2n(2n-2) \cdots 2}$$

$$= \frac{(2n)!}{(2^n n!)^2} \frac{\pi}{2}$$

(3)  $J(m, n) = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{2m} x \cos^{2n} x dx$  とおくと、(1) より

$$J(m, n) = \left[ \frac{1}{2m+1} \sin^{2m+1} x \cos^{2n-1} x \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} + \frac{2n-1}{2m+1} J(m+1, n-1)$$

$$= \frac{2n-1}{2m+1} J(m+1, n-1)$$

$$= \frac{2n-1}{2m+1} \cdot \frac{2n-3}{2m+3} J(m+2, n-2)$$

$$= \frac{2n-1}{2m+1} \cdot \frac{2n-3}{2m+3} \cdots \frac{1}{2m+2n-1} J(m+n, 0)$$

(2) より  $J(m+n, 0) = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{2m+2n} x dx = I_{m+n} = \frac{(2m+2n)!}{\{2^{m+n}(m+n)!\}^2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2}$

より

$$\begin{aligned} J(m, n) &= \frac{2n-1}{2m+1} \cdot \frac{2n-3}{2m+3} \cdots \frac{1}{2m+2n-1} \cdot \frac{(2m+2n)!}{\{2^{m+n}(m+n)!\}^2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} \\ &= \frac{2n-1}{2m+1} \cdot \frac{2n-3}{2m+3} \cdots \frac{1}{2m+2n-1} \cdot \frac{(2m+2n)!}{\{2^{m+n}(m+n)!\}^2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} \\ &\quad \cdot \frac{2n(2n-2)\cdots 2}{2n(2n-2)\cdots 2} \cdot \frac{(2m+2)\cdots(2m+2n)}{(2m+2)\cdots(2m+2n)} \cdot \frac{(2m)!}{(2m)!} \cdot \frac{m!}{m!} \\ &= \frac{(2n)!2^n(2m)!(m+n)!}{(2m+2n)!2^n n! m!} \cdot \frac{(2m+2n)!}{\{2^{m+n}(m+n)!\}^2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} \\ &= \frac{(2m)!(2n)!}{2^{2m+2n} m! n! (m+n)!} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} \quad (m \geq 0, n \geq 0) \\ &= \frac{\pi(2m)!(2n)!}{2^{2m+2n+1} m! n! (m+n)!} \quad (m \geq 0, n \geq 0) \end{aligned}$$